

Programming Reduces Risk Levels

FACILITY: Illinois Reentry Service Centers (RSC):

Chicago Heights RSC

Decatur RSC East St. Louis RSC Rockford RSC West Fulton RSC

POPULATION: Parolees

CUSTOMER: Illinois Department of Corrections

PROGRAM SUMMARY:

GEO Reentry Services provides comprehensive treatment programs in a non-residential setting tailored to meet individual participant's risks and needs. At the foundation of GEO Reentry's treatment is evidence-based programming designed to address criminogenic needs as identified through the assessment process. The non-residential reentry model includes the following: Cognitive Behavioral Treatment (CBT), substance abuse treatment, life skills training, anger management skills, and family relationship reconciliation. Programming is delivered through group and individual sessions.

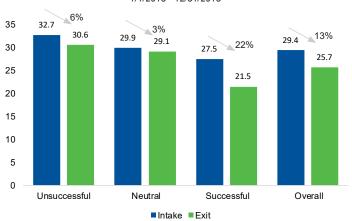
WHY IS A REDUCTION IN THE LSI-R SCORE IMPORTANT?

The Level of Service Inventory-Revised (LSI-R) is a way of systematically bringing together risk and needs information important to offender treatment planning and for assigning levels of freedom and supervision¹. The importance of a reduction in the LSI-R score is that it correlates with a decrease in recidivism, as the LSI-R has been researched extensively. LSI-R measurements are taken once as participants enter the program, and again when exiting the program. The results of this report indicate that GEO Reentry programs reduce the risk patterns, and therefore lower the potential for future recidivism. This potential reduction in recidivism has a positive impact not only on the individuals, but on the entire community.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS:

According to the data provided, the five (5) RSCs operated by GEO Reentry in the state of Illinois are showing a reduction in participant risk. Participation in the program had a significant reduction in risk regardless of discharge status (i.e. absconds, jail terminations, transfers, successful completions).

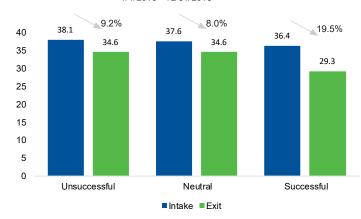




• Utilizing the LSI-R as the risk assessment, 253 total participants entered the program with scores ranging from 27.5 to 32.7 with an average score of 29.4. At the end of the program, participants' risk scores decreased on average by 13% resulting in an average LSI-R score of 25.7. In addition, participants who successfully completed the program had risk scores that decreased 22%, bringing their LSI-R score from 27.5 to 21.5.

Average LSI-R Reduction by Discharge Status for High-Risk Offenders

Based on 225 participants with moderate and high-risk LSI-R scores 1/1/2013 - 12/31/2013



• Focusing on a sample of 225 participants with higher risk LSI-R assessment scores, those who successfully completed the program had two times the reduction in risk (19.5%) when compared to those who were unsuccessful or neutral (9.2% and 8%, respectively).

¹ Andrews, D.A., Ph.D, Bonta, J.L., Ph.D. (1995). "Level of Service Inventory-Revised, User's Manual"