2022 PROGRAM OUTCOMES IDAHO CONNECTION & INTERVENTION STATIONS



CONNECTION & INTERVENTION STATION (CIS)

Boise CIS Coeur d'Alene CIS Idaho Falls CIS Lewiston CIS Nampa-Caldwell CIS Pocatello CIS Twin Falls CIS

POPULATION

Individuals on probation and parole

AGENCY

Idaho Department of Correction (IDOC)

PROGRAM SUMMARY

In Idaho, GEO Reentry Services provides comprehensive programs tailored to meet individual participant's risk and needs. At the foundation of our approach is cognitive behavioral programming designed to address criminogenic needs as identified through the assessment process. The program model at the seven Idaho CIS locations includes Getting Motivated to Change. Moral Reconation Therapy® (MRT), individual cognitive behavioral sessions, self-directed virtual programming, employment readiness and assistance, trauma-informed programming, life skills, parenting, anger management, community resource connections, and aftercare. Programming is delivered through group, individual, and virtual sessions.

The following reflects program data and intermediate outcomes for the seven CIS locations for the reporting period January 1, 2022-December 31, 2022.

PARTICIPANTS SERVED

1.173

The number of participants served during the reporting period

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION

The number of participants enrolled during the reporting period

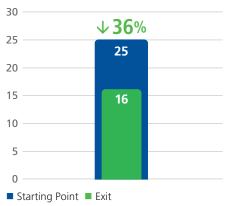
REFERRALS

1,355

The number of participant referrals received from the agency during the reporting period

LSI-R RISK REDUCTION ASSESSMENT RESULTS

The CISs use the Level of Service Inventory-Revised (LSI-R) tool to identify participants' risk and needs and the likelihood of recidivism. Assessments are administered at program starting point, and again before discharge. The data shows the programming at the seven Idaho CISs helped participants reduce their risk scores by an average of 36%, which correlates to a similar reduction in the probability of recidivism.1 (n=113)



DRUG & ALCOHOL RESULTS

TOTAL DRUG SCREENS: 14.276

CIS participants are required to test for alcohol and illicit substances. Below is the breakdown of negative and positive drug tests during the reporting period.

TOTAL BREATH ALCOHOL (BRAC) TESTS: 5,600 .25% ■ Clean ■ Substance(s) Detected

SERVICE ATTENDANCE RATES

Below is a breakdown of service attendance rates for the seven CISs.



TREATMENT (ICBT)

EMPLOYMENT RATES

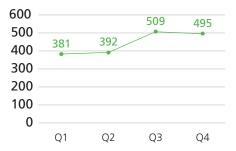
87%

Participants employed during the reporting period (n=983)

PROGRAM UTILIZATION & COMPLETION RESULTS

In Q1 2022, IDOC and GEO Reentry leadership identified three areas of improvement: program utilization, program completions, and expanded program reach through community referrals. The data below shows CIS staff improved the results in these three areas during the reporting period.

PROGRAM UTILIZATION



DISCHARGE RESULTS

Q1	38%	62%
Q2	28%	72%
Q3	42%	58%
Q4	61%	39%

- Positive Completion: Includes successful and neutral discharges, agency-ordered terminations, external transfers, and other
- Non-completion: Includes absconds, jail termination, and unsuccessful discharges

COMMUNITY RESOURCE REFERRALS

During the reporting period, the CISs provided participants with 1.667 valuable resource referrals to assist with their stabilization in the community. The top five resources include:

279	Transportation
149	Housing
138	Mental Health
126	Substance Use Treatment
94	Legal Services

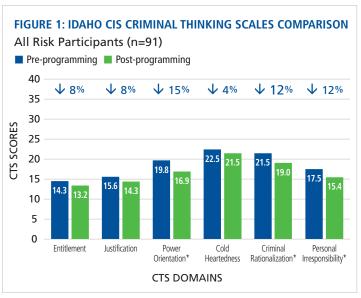
IDAHO CIS PROGRAMMING REDUCES CRIMINAL THINKING

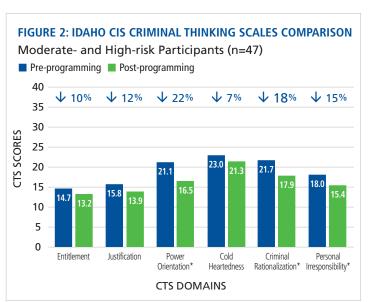
Criminal thinking domains, such as antisocial cognitions and antisocial attitudes, are frequent targets for change in correctional treatment, and are described in current theories of criminal behavior.² The research on "What Works" to reduce recidivism indicates that antisocial cognition and antisocial attitudes (criminal thinking) are among the top three risk factors as drivers of recidivism. The Texas Christian University Criminal Thinking Scales (CTS), a reliable and validated instrument, measures the effect of GEO Reentry's programming on antisocial cognition and attitudes. The results of this report indicate that GEO Reentry's programs reduce criminal thinking patterns as measured by the CTS, and therefore lower the potential for future recidivism.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Research evaluators analyzed the pre- and post-programming CTS scores for 91 individuals who participated in programming at one of the seven Idaho CISs between January 1, 2022 and December 12, 2022. The results indicate that the programming reduced criminal thinking as evidenced by the reduction in the participant's CTS scores.

- **FIGURE 1** illustrates the results of 91 individuals, regardless of risk level. These participants had a decrease averaging a 10% reduction (1.8 points) across all six domains.
- **FIGURE 2** illustrates the results of 47 individuals with moderate- to high-risk scores in at least one domain at starting point. Participant risk level is determined by the recommended score ranges outlined by research³ (see table below). These participants had an average decrease of 14% reduction (2.7 points) across all six domains.





*A clinically significant reduction in scores is defined as a two point or greater decrease from the pre- to post-programming score.

CTS DOMAINS	DESCRIPTION	RECOM	MENDED R	ISK SCORE I	RANGES ³ HIGH
ENTITLEMENT	· Focuses on a sense of ownership and privilege · High scores are associated with the individual's belief that the world "owes them" and they deserve special consideration		10-17	18-20	21-40
JUSTIFICATION	· Refers to patterns of thought that minimize the seriousness of antisocial acts and by justifying actions based on external circums · High scores may be associated with perceived social injustice	tances	10-18	19-22	23-40
POWER ORIENTATION	· Measures the need of power and control · High scores are associated with higher levels of aggression and controlling behaviors		10-22	23-37	28-40
COLD HEARTEDNESS	· High scores reflect a lack of emotional involvement		10-20	21-23	24-40
CRIMINAL RATIONALIZATION	· High scores are associated with negative attitude towards the law and authority figures		10-28	29-35	36-40
PERSONAL RATIONALIZATION	· Assesses the degree to which an individual is willing to accept ownership for criminal actions · High scores are associated with non-acceptance of criminal actions and often blaming others		10-18	19-24	25-40

² Knight, K., Garner, B.R., Simpson D.W. Morey, J.T., & Flynn, P.M. (2006). "An assessment for criminal thinking" Crime & Delinquency, Vol. 52, No. 1, 159-17

³ Knight, K., Ekelund, B., Barbour, P. (2015) "Simplifying Assessment in Criminal Justice and Treatment Settings: Using TCU Tools to Ensure Effective Services". https://docplayer.net/45907693-Simplifying-assessment-in-criminal-justice-and-treatment-settings-using-tcu-tools-to-ensure-effective-services.html

FOR MORE INFORMATION

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