2022 PROGRAM OUTCOMES
LUZERNE COUNTY REENTRY SERVICE CENTER

GEO Reentry Services®

PROGRAM SUMMARY

In Luzerne County, GEO Reentry Services provides comprehensive treatment programs tailored to meet individual participant's risk and needs. At the foundation of our treatment is Cognitive Behavioral Treatment (CBT) designed to address criminogenic needs as identified through the assessment process. The program model includes Level of Service Inventory-Revised (LSI-R) risk/needs assessment, substance use treatment, GED on-site testing, anger management, parenting, computer lab, life skills, Moral Reconation Therapy® (MRT), Thinking for a Change, employment readiness, and financial budgeting. Programming is delivered through group and individual sessions.

The following reflects 2022 (Jan 1 - Dec 31) program data and intermediate outcomes for the Luzerne County RSC in Pennsylvania.

PARTICIPANTS SERVED

140 Participants served during the reporting period

AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION

36 Participants served during the reporting period
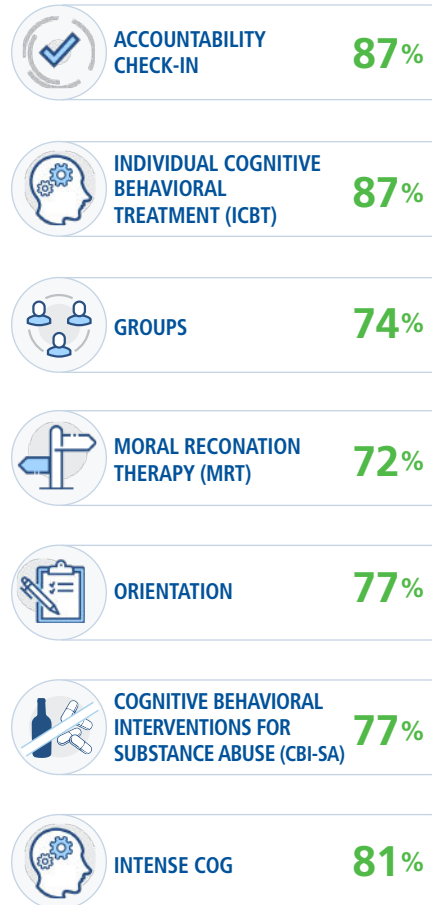
REFERRALS

120 Participant referrals received from the agency during the reporting period

STARTING POINTS

84 Participants who started the program during the reporting period
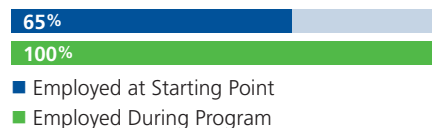
SERVICE ATTENDANCE RATES

Below is a breakdown of service attendance rates for the RSC population based on those scheduled for the service.

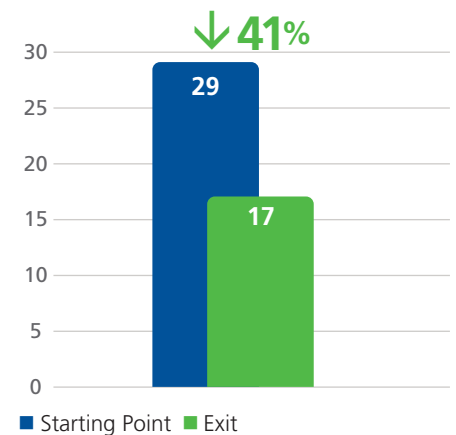|	
ACCOUNTABILITY CHECK-IN	**87%**
INDIVIDUAL COGNITIVE BEHAVIORAL TREATMENT (ICBT)	**87%**
GROUPS	**74%**
MORAL RECONATION THERAPY (MRT)	**72%**
ORIENTATION	**77%**
COGNITIVE BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE (CBI-SA)	**77%**
INTENSE COG	**81%**

EMPLOYMENT

A goal of the RSC is to assist participants secure employment and/or enrollment in school. During the reporting period, the number of participants employed increased by 54%, based on total positive discharges. (n=37)

EMPLOYMENT GAINS: 54%

65%
100%

- ■ Employed at Starting Point
- ■ Employed During Program

LSI-R RISK REDUCTION ASSESSMENT RESULTS

During the reporting period, programming at the RSC helped participants reduce their risk scores by an average of 41%, which correlates to a similar reduction in the probability of recidivism.[1] (n=70)

↓ **41%**
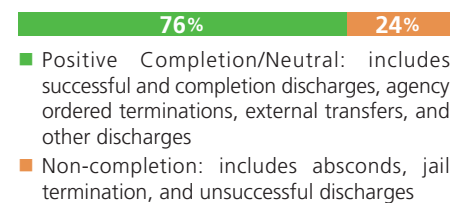
29
17

- ■ Starting Point ■ Exit

DRUG TEST RESULTS

RSC participants are required to test for illicit substances. Below is the breakdown of negative and positive test results during the reporting period.

TOTAL DRUG TESTS: 1,000

83%   17%

- ■ Clean ■ Substance(s) Detected

DISCHARGE RESULTS

TOTAL DISCHARGES: 70

76%   24%

- ■ Positive Completion/Neutral: includes successful and completion discharges, agency ordered terminations, external transfers, and other discharges
- ■ Non-completion: includes absconds, jail termination, and unsuccessful discharges

GRADUATING PARTICIPANTS

70 Successful program completions

[1]Andrews, D.A., Ph.D, Bonta, J.L., Ph.D. (2003). "Level of Service Inventory-Revised, U.S. Norms Manual Supplement"
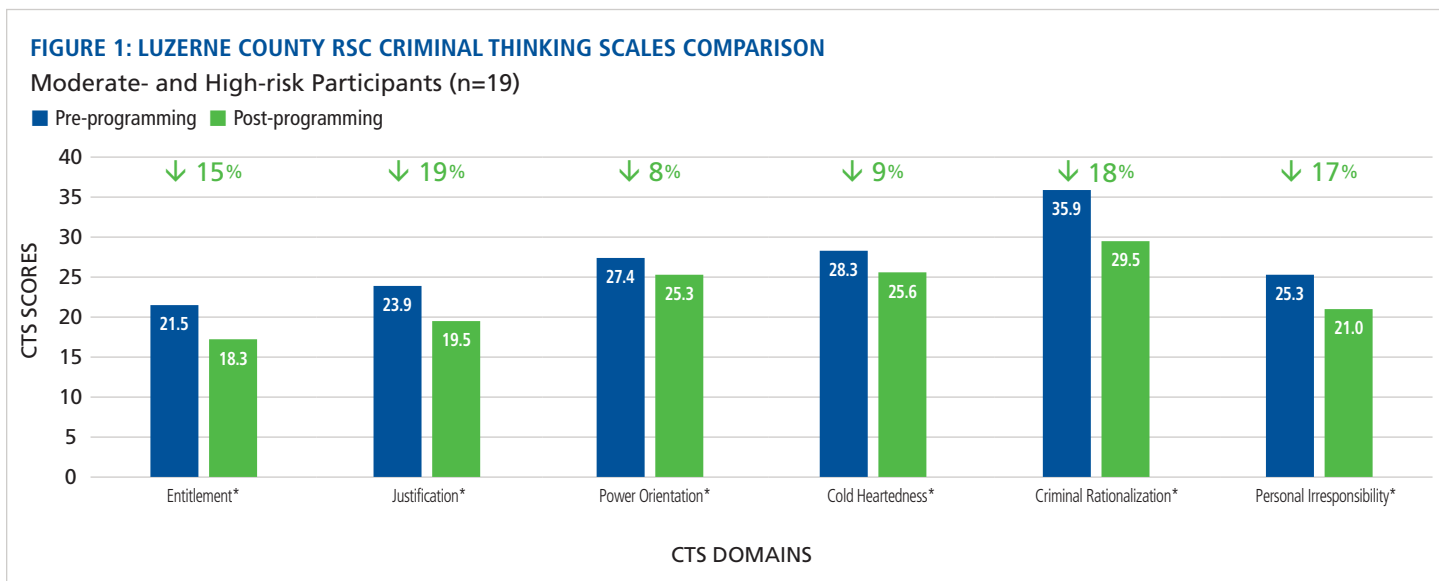
LUZERNE COUNTY RSC PROGRAMMING REDUCES CRIMINAL THINKING

Criminal thinking domains, such as antisocial cognitions and antisocial attitudes, are frequent targets for change in correctional treatment, and are described in current theories of criminal behavior.[2] The research on "What Works" to reduce recidivism indicates that antisocial cognition and antisocial attitudes (criminal thinking) are among the top three risk factors as drivers of recidivism. The Texas Christian University Criminal Thinking Scales (CTS), a reliable and validated instrument, measures the effect of GEO Reentry's programming on antisocial cognition and attitudes. The results of this report indicate that GEO Reentry's program reduced criminal thinking patterns as measured by the CTS, and therefore lowers the potential for future recidivism.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Research evaluators analyzed the pre- and post-programming CTS scores for 19 individuals who participated in programming at Luzerne County RSC between January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. These individuals had moderate- to high-risk scores in at least one domain at starting point. The average number of days between the pre- and post-assessment was 189 days.

The results indicated in Figure 1 illustrate these participants had a clinically significant reduction, averaging 14% (3.9 points) across all six domains.
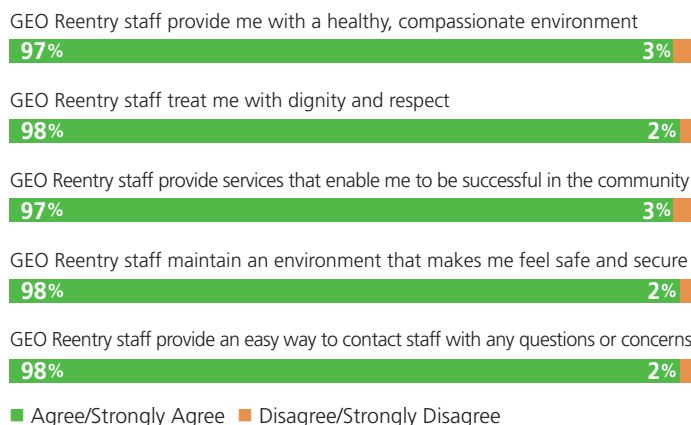

FIGURE 1: LUZERNE COUNTY RSC CRIMINAL THINKING SCALES COMPARISON

Moderate- and High-risk Participants (n=19)

A clinically significant reduction in scores is defined as a two point or greater decrease from the pre- to post-programming score.

CTS DOMAINS	DESCRIPTION
ENTITLEMENT	· Focuses on a sense of ownership and privilege · High scores are associated with the individual's belief that the world "owes them" and they deserve special consideration
JUSTIFICATION	· Refers to patterns of thought that minimize the seriousness of antisocial acts and by justifying actions based on external circumstances · High scores may be associated with perceived social injustice
POWER ORIENTATION	· Measures the need of power and control · High scores are associated with higher levels of aggression and controlling behaviors
COLD HEARTEDNESS	· High scores reflect a lack of emotional involvement
CRIMINAL RATIONALIZATION	· High scores are associated with negative attitude towards the law and authority figures
PERSONAL RATIONALIZATION	· Assesses the degree to which an individual is willing to accept ownership for criminal actions · High scores are associated with non-acceptance of criminal actions and often blaming others

PARTICIPANT SURVEY RESULTS

Below are the results from the January 2023 survey. (n=59)

Please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements:

GEO Reentry staff provide me with a healthy, compassionate environment
| 97% | 3% |

GEO Reentry staff treat me with dignity and respect
| 98% | 2% |

GEO Reentry staff provide services that enable me to be successful in the community
| 97% | 3% |

GEO Reentry staff maintain an environment that makes me feel safe and secure
| 98% | 2% |

GEO Reentry staff provide an easy way to contact staff with any questions or concerns
| 98% | 2% |

■ Agree/Strongly Agree ■ Disagree/Strongly Disagree

[2]Knight, K., Garner, B.R., Simpson D.W. Morey, J.T., & Flynn, P.M. (2006). "An assessment for criminal thinking" Crime & Delinquency, Vol. 52, No. 1, 159-17

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