

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

IDAHO CONNECTION & INTERVENTION STATIONS



CONNECTION AND INTERVENTION STATIONS (CIS)

Boise CIS
Coeur d'Alene CIS
Idaho Falls CIS
Lewiston CIS
Nampa-Caldwell CIS
Pocatello CIS
Twin Falls CIS

POPULATION

Probationers & Parolees

CUSTOMER

Idaho Department of Correction (IDOC)

PROGRAM SUMMARY

In Idaho, GEO Reentry Services provides comprehensive programs tailored to meet individual offender's risk and needs. At the foundation of our approach is cognitive behavioral programming designed to address criminogenic needs as identified through the assessment process. The program model at the seven Idaho CIS includes Getting Motivated to Change, Moral Reconnection Therapy® (MRT), individual cognitive behavioral sessions, self-directed virtual programming, employment readiness and assistance, Exploring Trauma, Healing Trauma, life skills, parenting, anger management, community resource connections, and aftercare. Programming is delivered through group, individual, and virtual sessions.

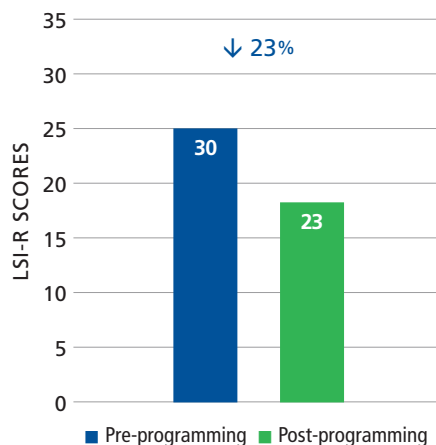
The following reflects program data and intermediate outcomes for the seven CIS for the reporting period December 14, 2020 through February 15, 2022.

TOTAL PARTICIPANTS ENROLLED

1,075

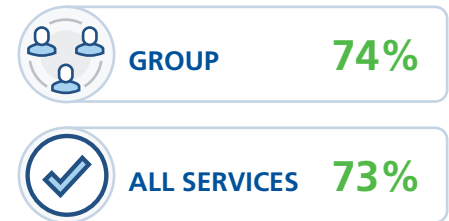
LSI-R RISK REDUCTION ASSESSMENT SCORES

The CIS use the Level of Service Inventory-Revised (LSI-R) tool to identify participants' risk and needs and the likelihood of recidivism. Assessments are administered at program starting point, and again before discharge. The combined data shows during the reporting period, the programming at the seven Idaho CIS helped participants **reduce their risk scores by an average of 23%**, which correlates to a similar reduction in the probability of recidivism.¹ (n=69)



SERVICES ATTENDANCE

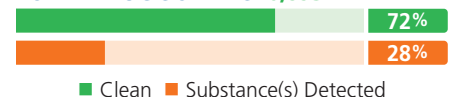
Below is a breakdown of Service Attendance for the seven CIS.



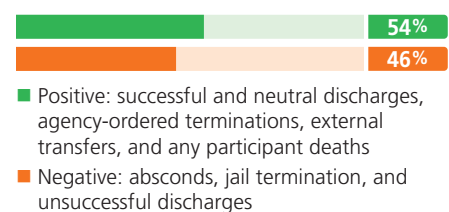
DRUG TESTING RESULTS

CIS participants are required to test for illicit substances. Below is the breakdown of negative and positive drug tests during the reporting period.

TOTAL DRUG SCREENS: 6,893

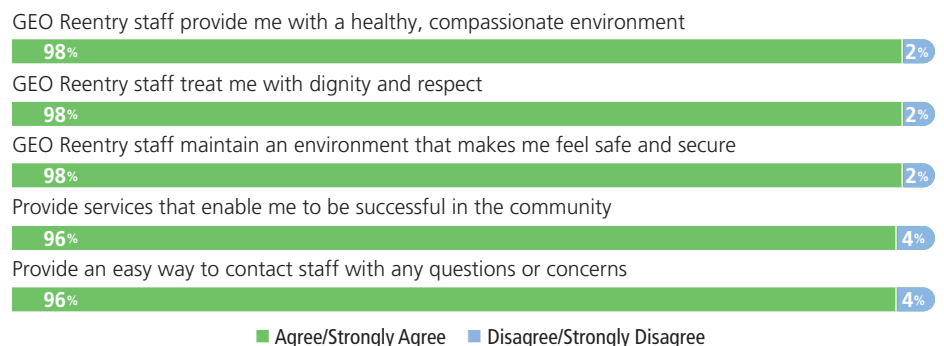


DISCHARGE RESULTS



PARTICIPATION SURVEY RESULTS

Results from the January 2022 survey indicate participants level of agreement with the following statements: (n=212)



¹ Andrews, D.A., Ph.D, Bonta, J.L., Ph.D. (2003). "Level of Service Inventory-Revised, U.S. Norms Manual Supplement"

CRIMINAL THINKING ASSESSMENT SCORES

Criminal thinking domains, such as antisocial cognitions and antisocial attitudes, are frequent targets for change in correctional programming, and are described in current theories of criminal behavior. The research on “What Works” to reduce recidivism indicates that antisocial cognition and antisocial attitudes (criminal thinking) are among the top three risk factors as drivers of recidivism. The Texas Christian University Criminal Thinking Scales (CTS), a reliable and validated instrument, measures the effect of GEO’s programming on antisocial cognition and attitudes.

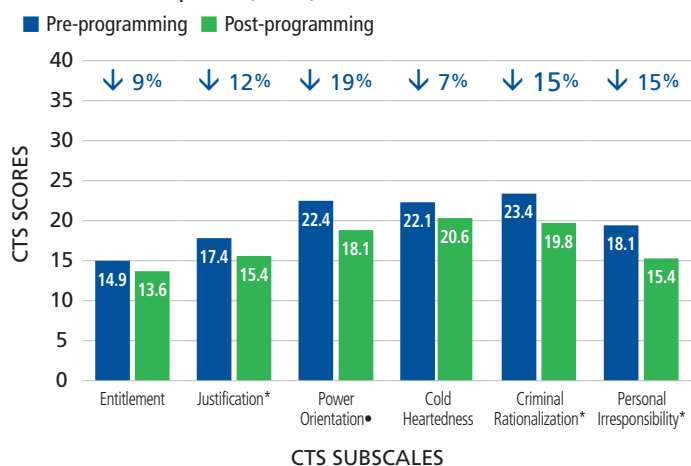
SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Research evaluators analyzed the CTS scores for 55 individuals who participated in programming at one of the seven Idaho CIS between December 14, 2020 and February 15, 2022. The results indicate that the programming significantly reduced criminal thinking as evidenced by the reduction in their CTS scores. Significant findings include:

- **FIGURE 1** illustrates the results of 55 individuals, regardless of risk level. These participants had a clinically significant decrease averaging a 13% reduction (2.6 points) across all six domains.
- **FIGURE 2** displays the results of 22 individuals, with medium- to high-risk scores in at least one domain at intake. These participants had a significant decrease, both clinically and statistically, averaging a 20% reduction (5.4 points) across all six domains.

FIGURE 1: PRE-PROGRAMMING & POST-PROGRAMMING CRIMINAL THINKING SCALES COMPARISON

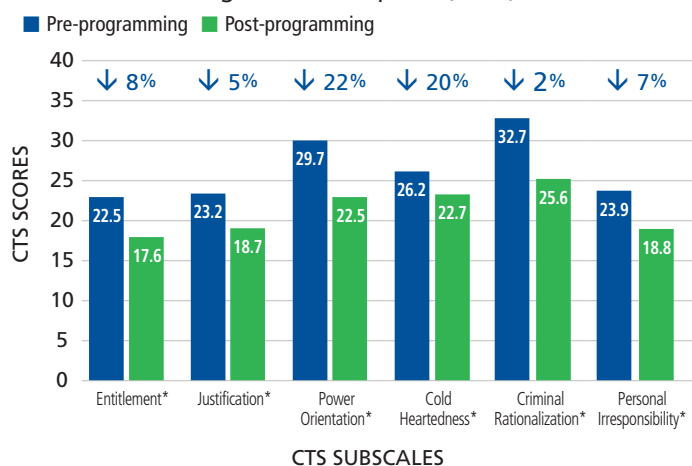
All Risk Participants (n=55)



*A clinically significant reduction in scores is defined as a two point or greater decrease from the pre- to post-programming score.

FIGURE 2: PRE-PROGRAMMING & POST-PROGRAMMING CRIMINAL THINKING SCALES COMPARISON

Moderate- and High-Risk Participants (n=22)



CRIMINAL THINKING SCALES

RECOMMENDED RISK SCORE RANGES³

ELEMENTS	DESCRIPTION	LOW	MEDIUM	HIGH
ENTITLEMENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focuses on a sense of ownership and privilege. • High scores are associated with the offender’s belief that the world “owes them” and they deserve special consideration. 	10-17	18-20	21-40
JUSTIFICATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refers to patterns of thought that minimize the seriousness of antisocial acts and by justifying actions based on external circumstances. • High scores may be associated with perceived social injustice. 	10-18	19-22	23-40
POWER ORIENTATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measures the need of power and control. • High scores are associated with higher levels of aggression and controlling behaviors. 	10-22	23-27	28-40
COLD HEARTEDNESS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High scores reflect a lack of emotional involvement. 	10-20	21-23	24-40
CRIMINAL RATIONALIZATION	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High scores on this scale are associated with negative attitude towards the law and authority figures. 	10-28	29-35	36-40
PERSONAL IRRESPONSIBILITY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assesses the degree to which an offender is willing to accept ownership for criminal actions. • Therefore, high scores are associated with non-acceptance of criminal actions and often blaming others. 	10-18	19-24	25-40

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² Knight, K., Ekelund, B., Barbour, P. (2015). “Simplifying Assessment in Criminal Justice Treatment Settings: Using TCU Tools to Ensure Effective Services” Social Solutions. <https://www.socialsolutions.com/wp-content/uploads/pdf/TCU-Slides-US-WT.pdf>